

Abuse, neglect and exploitation

Last edited: 22 Nov 2019, 2:16 PM

Introduction

Every person has a right to live a life free from the fear of violence, abuse, harm, neglect and exploitation regardless of their gender, age, disability, background or any other characteristic. We are committed to ensuring the safety and wellbeing of all participants we provide supports and services to.

Gold Coast Recreation & Sport Inc upholds the right of all staff and clients to a workplace and/or service site that is free from physical, sexual, emotional and verbal abuse, harassment and assault.

Staff are required to be vigilant and report any observed or suspected abuse or neglect of clients.

Applicability

When

- applies at all times and in all locations.

Who

- applies to all representatives including key management personnel, directors, full time workers, part time workers, casual workers, contractors, volunteers.

Definitions

Term	Description
------	-------------

abuse	<p>Single acts or patterns of abuse, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • physical abuse—physical or chemical restraints or coercion, hitting, slapping, burning, choking, pinching, pushing or restraining • sexual abuse—any sexual contact between an adult and child 16 years of age and younger; or any sexual activity with a young person or adult who is unable to understand, has not given consent, is threatened, coerced or forced to engage in sexual behaviour • emotional or psychological abuse—verbal assaults, threats of maltreatment, harassment, humiliation or intimidation, or failure to interact with a person or to acknowledge that person’s existence including denying cultural or religious needs and preferences • financial abuse—illegal or improper use and/or mismanagement of a person’s money, property or resources including forgery, stealing, forced changes to a will, unusual transfer of money or property to another person or withholding of funds • accidents or near accidents caused by unsafe equipment or practices • unregulated restrictive practices such as those unapproved and/or unauthorised.
exploitation	<p>Any case where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • someone in a position of trust and confidence knowingly, by deception or intimidation, obtains or uses, or tries to obtain or use, a participant’s funds, assets or property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive that person of the use, benefit or possession of those funds, assets or property for the benefit of someone other than the participant • a person who knows or should know that the participant lacks the capacity to consent, and obtains or tries to obtain or use, the participant’s funds, assets or property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the participant of the use, benefit or possession of the funds, assets or property for the benefit of someone other than the participant. <p>Examples of exploitation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • taking or using the assets, funds or other possessions of a participant without their consent • tricking or threatening the participant to purchase an item or service that they do not want or that will not be used for their benefit.

neglect	<p>Any case where a person's basic needs are not met. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • physical neglect—failure to provide adequate food, shelter, clothing, protection, supervision, medical and/or dental care or exposing someone to undue risks through unsafe environments or practices • emotional neglect—failure to support and encourage, protect and provide stimulation needed for the social, intellectual and emotional growth or wellbeing of a person • passive neglect—failure to provide or wilful withholding of the necessities of life, including food, clothing, shelter or medical care • supervisory neglect—intentional or reckless failure to adequately supervise or support a participant that also: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ involves a gross breach of professional standards ◦ has the potential to result in the death of, or significant harm to, a participant.
---------	--

Documents relevant to this policy

 NDIS (Incident Management and Reportable Incidents) Rules 2018 

Preventing abuse and neglect

- we will provide supports and services in an environment free of abuse and neglect
- we will ensure people with high support needs and/or communication difficulty are well supported to enable detection and prevention of abuse and neglect
- we will ensure staff are trained to recognise, prevent or minimise the occurrence or recurrence of abuse and neglect of participants.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

If there are any alleged incidents of abuse, assault and neglect, the CEO must:

- be responsible for making early contact with the family or advocate of the client involved to advise them of the situation
- ensure all relevant employees prepare and submit written reports (independently and separately from each other) concerning the alleged event (s)
- confirm that the statements are signed and dated by the employee(s) in the presence of a witness
- telephone the president of the management committee to inform them of the incident
- submit a summary report together with the employee statements to the management committee so that they may initiate their own investigations
- as soon as practicable, make telephone contact with funding bodies and inform them of the incident.

Where allegations are reported as sexual abuse of children, the CEO must also:

- report the matter to the child protection authority
- report any possible criminal conduct to the police; and

- engage an external specialist investigator to conduct a full and proper investigation of the matter.

After making a report, the CEO must:

- make arrangements to ensure the safety of the person making an allegation
- determine what information needs to be revealed in order to protect the safety of the client
- if the alleged perpetrator is the employee:
 - make arrangements to provide a supervised work environment for the employee whilst the investigation occurs
 - inform the employee of the investigative procedures that may be involved
 - ensure mechanisms exist to facilitate the employee's right to response in accordance with the principles of natural justice.

Responding to abuse and neglect

We will respond to any case of abuse, neglect or exploitation by:

- promoting a culture of no retribution for reporting of suspected cases of abuse or neglect
- provide training and guidance to all employees relating to the management of abuse, assault or neglect of a client.
- escalating all alleged or suspected incidents of abuse or neglect to key management personnel immediately
- ensuring any victim of suspected or alleged abuse or neglect is adequately supported by an independent person such as a relative, friend, advocate or legal practitioner
- responding promptly and sensitively where an alleged case of abuse or neglect has occurred, to protect the person from further harm, and coordinating appropriate responses in line with duty of care obligations
- where relevant (especially for criminal acts), preserving and recording the evidence, maintain the scene of the incident, by taking photos and protecting any person articles involved
- recording what is known about the incident including the services and people involved and any witnesses
- informing participants about what is going to happen before taking action and throughout any response to abuse and neglect
- ensuring appropriate physical, emotional and psychological support is available to and easily accessible by a person following a report or allegation of abuse or neglect
- ensuring the victim, family, guardian or other support person has the choice of pursuing the matter through the legal system and be supported to access advice and services required.

What is not abuse and neglect

- to restrain a participant in accordance with an approved behaviour support plan authorised by a restricted practices authorisation mechanism
- to take reasonable steps to disarm a participant seeking to harm themselves or others
- to separate participants who are fighting
- to move a participant out of harm's way
- to restrain a participant from causing intentional damage to property, in self-defence, or in the defence of others.

Breach of abuse and neglect policy

Any workers found to be perpetrating any form of abuse or neglect will lead to disciplinary action including termination of employment.

Any attempt to cover up or failure to report suspected or actual incidents of abuse will lead to disciplinary action including termination of employment.